



Family Tax Benefit

Family Tax Benefit 2 eirun pumwan am buog dugin angabidayed yonung.

Family Tax Benefit Part A Pudu mwak yae ambina yonung jion mwe join. Epagun mwak nan egadaiyaw ta peon bita gonaiyen wam mwak mwe am kadabweiy amin bwin.

Jha chimine yonung meg jhan egam janobwan an 1 an obeni or Jha wo aji yonung. Awe gona bet gona Family Tax Benefit Part A edae ebeo. Egan tune Newborn Upfront Payment and Newborn Supplement.

Family Tax Benefit Part B equon buogeyen parents bina gwein ima ageyera or 1 egamwe min ranga yonung (ibutt yonung, amin ranga ura or amin bwiro). Epagun mwak naw gona nan ta peon bita wam family mwe an obweni wam yonung bina magut kadudu.

Jha chimine yonung wo ranga, awe gona bet gona bita Family Tax Benefit. Wo num ranga bita yonung 35% iyan an dae bita yonung.

Am gona imin

Family Tax Benefit Part A

Aw gona bet gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part A Jha wo ranga yonung bina yogona tura ranga ura:

- yonung bina yonungae 15 an obweni, or
- 16 yae 19 aera obweni, mwe
 - kereri yan mwana kereri ouja yonung courses mwana eiy num gona wan year 12 dabook yan, or
 - gonan wan dabook bwein an iya kereri; mwe
 - Ko mwak puduwae iyan mwana mwak reit pudu bweit buogorae.

Jha awe bet jion iyan bina gona tune Family Tax Benefit Part A dugin chimine yonung meg jhan egam ambina 16 yae 19 aerae obweni, nan puduwow mwak janobwan an magada bita iyobweni 19 ten an obweni bita yonung iyan, ta Jha tunuwow an kereri high school or gwein agan mwana towe kereri duwan.

Family Tax Benefit Part B

Jha wo meg epowa agem awe gona bet gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part B Jha chimine yonung meg jhan egam bina yonungae 13 an obweni.

Jha ima agem or Jha awe amin ranga yonung or ibum or ibun tabum, awe gona bet gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part B tsinjha wo ranga yonung bina:

- yonungae 16 an obweni, or
- yonung bina kereri iyat high school or bina yonung yogona tura ranga ura, yae bita iyobweni an egada 18 an obweni iyan, mwe
- ko mwak ura gona bita reit pudu bwein buogorae.

Chimine edae bina yonung kereri atsin bwirae bina 16 yae 19 an obeni bina iya edirigi mwana imin pwana ura dugin wora bweit kereri, dugin gonayen bita Family Tax Benefit.

Tapwab needeiy

Jha iya egada mwana imin needeiy or kamarareiy dugin tapwab, nan gona ongaeiy epagun wam Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Nangae servicesaustralia.gov.au/immunisation dugin am teng chid agan.

Jha awe gona bita buog Family Tax Benefit Part A mwe bita mwak dugin bina iya mugurr

Jha edaga 4 an obweni, needeiy num waw'm check upeiyo oain. Jha iya teng nan onangeiy wan Family Tax Benefit Part A. Needeiy num pwana kama Jha mammo wan check up or keo janobwan an 5 an obweni. Jha wo iya reporteiyae kama, or Jha eijuk check up, nan onangeiy wam Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Nan ta onangeiy pumweiyen wama buog iyan an 5 an obweni mwe nan tunuwow yae 26 epagun an fortnights. Ngune nan ta peon rougun bita Family Tax Benefit Part A yae bet bita edae awe mwe agem, gona bita buog (income).

Imin needeiy dugin megum

Jha wo teng gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part A mwe Part B wo needeiy num edirigi mwana imin pwan dugin megum.

Needeiy wo num mek Australia:

- awe min Australia
- chimine wam permanent visa
- chimine wam Special Category visa, or
- chimine wam visa jion jidaboa, Partner Provisional or Temporary Protection visa.

Needeiy num adirigi kamarr dugin megum am yonung bwe num meg turum or awe num koredan edigiri kamar gwein pwanaw dugin megum age wo num gonayin bitune buog.

Jha wo gona wam permanent visa eruwit 1 January 2019, wo needeiy num meg Australia 1 am obweni janobwan am gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Wo iya needeiy bita Newly Arrived Resident's Waiting Period Jha wo gonayin mwane, imin:

- awe min Australia
- egada epowa wan New-Zealand Passport (chimine wam Special Category visa)
- wo eruwi bwim or garro atsin bwim ago
- chimine or wo gwein bwaboji bita specific visa subclass

- agem eruwi or garro atsin bwin ago dugin imugurr or buog, Jerne agem jhan am meg Australia
- awe gona bita buog (social security) or bita social security pension, Parental Leave Pay, Dad and Partner Pay, or Farm Household Allowance
- gona or chimine wam visa mwana wo gona bita Family Tax Benefit yan janobwan 1 January 2019.

Jha awe gona bita Family Tax Benefit Part B awe nan gonan bet aniyen bita Newly Arrived Resident's Waiting Period dugin bita Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Child support mwe Family Tax Benefit

Jha wo num anin wam Family Tax Benefit dugin wam yonung dugin am maere bita amo, needeiy wo num ananiyan wam child support bwe awe num gona bita ouwak yan bita rate jung bita Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Jha wo yogona wong gonaiyen bita child support, nanga kama. Chimine edae naw needeiy wo num doer epowa amin mugurr yan bitune (social worker).

Jha wo gonayin bita Family Tax Benefit mwe awe mwe agem gona or mwa pumwe child support, nan ma taea wami child support Jha aya ami pumwe wami child support dugin Family Tax Benefit. Jha mwa buog ami ranga bita ngeimi, nan ma ananiyan percent'n ami ranga nan ma ugonan ma num aya egen epagun bita Family Tax Benefit mwe bita child support.

Gonaiyen

Awe gona bet gona bita Family Tax Benefit every 2 weeks, or equon bet pumweiyed iyat iyobweni. Maged bebe medna dugin aniyen tune iyat online.

Jha wo teng awe num gonayae iyat online, awe needeiy num chimine myGov account mwe Centrelink account. Wam myGov account needeiy num linkeiya bita Centrelink.

Jha ko wam myGov account awe needeiy wo num mammo, nanga **my.gov.au** mwe wo mammo wam account yan.

Epwagun mwak clamaiy equon iyobweni needeiy num ouja kama iyan 12 mwaramen iyan dogin bita financial year.

Jha wo teng gona bita Family Tax Benefit iyan 2 week, needeiy num mammo wam family gona mwak eruwit reporteiyen mwana gonayen mwak (financial year). Awe gona ouja kama bita estimation dugin tune iyobweni iyan wam Centrelink accout iyan wam myGov.

Needeiy num:

- aya bwe num awe mwe agem, mwa num amatu wami tax return iyan 12 mwaramen janobwan an magada iyobweni. Nan bina min Australian Taxation Office aya mwe nan stampeiy wam gona mwak epowa agem, or

- pwana kama Jha wea needeiy wo num amatu bita tax return iyan 12 mwaramen iyan dugin reporteiyen mwana gonayen mwak (financial year).

Balanceiyen wam Family Tax Benefit

Jha wo gona bita Family Tax Benefit iyan 2 weeks, ma kongung wo num balanceiy epodan epwokin am gona wam mwak iyan equon iyobweni, nan start 1 July, dugin ma num gona, gona epwokin bita Family Tax Benefit nan egadaiyaw iyan equon iyobweni.

Iyan an magada reporteiyen mwane mwak financial year, bita rangada iyan 30 June nan ma ananiyan balanceiyen. Jhan eya nan ma compareiy bita epwokin mwak ama bweitten ouja kami dugin bita Family Tax Benefit mwe epowa am gona wam mwak awe gonaeya wam family iyan reporteiyen mwak.

Jha ekae mwak awe gona iyae bita epwokin mwak awe bweitten gona iyan bita Family Tax Benefit nan ama tuk pwanaw.

Jha onung bita am gona mwak iyae bita awe gwein estimateiy, nan onung bet bita wam Family Tax Benefit iyae epwakin bita awe bweitten gona. Jha happen iyaw bitune nan tuk chimine mwak oujaw. Jha ouwak mwak awe gona mwak iyae bita awe gwein estimateiy, nan ouwak bet bita wam Family Tax Benefit iyae epwakin bita awe bweitten gona. Jha happen iyaw bitune nan ma needeiyu wo num aredowan bita dugudugun mwak.

Nan ama aya Jha chimine angaan bita Family Tax Benefit Part A mwe Family Tax Benefit Part B mwana awe gona yan bita ama balanceiy. Jha chimine jhu angaan nan ma tuk oujaw mwak.

Jha wo teng chid jhu angan

- Nanga servicessaustralia.gov.au/ftb Jha wo teng chid jhu imin nan iyan doerrin burbur
- Nanga servicessaustralia.gov.au/yourlanguage etung bita awe gona rechin, keiyad atsin turrun or terra imin wo teng chid iyan wam own language
- Derponaiy **131 202** Jha wo teng doerra kama iyan wam own language, mwe dugin an pudu mwak mwe wan services Centrelink ibuinin.
- Derponaiy **132 011** dugin Medicare buog Jha wo needeiy wam kagamwe **131 272** dugin Child Support. Jha wo needeiy engame bina num translateiy edoerr iyaw gona derponaiy eko pumwan
- Nanga wama office dugin am tengeiy buog.

Note: Jha wo derponeiy kama iyan wam derpon bwim iyae bita number '13' tamo etung iyan Australia nan chimine pumwan. Nan gona bet ekae pumwan derpon iyan mwana derponin company. Eko pumwan derpon Jha wo ringeiy bita '1800' number atsin bwim. Derpon yan mwana public derpon or wan engame derpon nan gona ani rogoun nan ngea bet chargeiyuwen yan.

Imin needeiy wo num chid

Mwane imin pwan ne teiy an amataiya gata etumwan ama pumwe mwe wama services. Tawe pwan Jha wo teng applyiay dugin pumweiyaem or amatuiyen wam kangaang iyan wam situation age.



Family Tax Benefit

Family Tax Benefit is a 2 part payment that helps with the cost of raising children.

Family Tax Benefit Part A is paid for each child. The amount you get depends on your family's income and circumstances.

If a child enters your care before they turn 1, or you adopt a child of any age, you may get a temporary increase to your Family Tax Benefit Part A. This is called Newborn Upfront Payment and Newborn Supplement.

Family Tax Benefit Part B gives extra help to single parents, non-parent carers (such as grandparents, foster and kinship carers) and couples with 1 main income earner. The amount you get will depend on your family income and the age of your youngest child.

If you share the care of a child, you may be able to get some Family Tax Benefit. You need to have care of the child for at least 35% of the time.

Eligibility

Family Tax Benefit Part A

You may be eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part A if you care for a dependent child who is:

- younger than 15 years of age, or
- 16 to 19 years of age, and
 - undertaking full-time education in an approved course leading towards a year 12 or equivalent qualification with an acceptable study load, or
 - has been granted an exemption from study requirements; and
 - is not receiving an income support payment in their own right.

If you are eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part A for a dependent child aged 16 to 19 years of age, it can be paid until the end of the calendar year in which they turn 19 years of age, if they continue in full-time secondary study or are exempt from the study requirements.

Family Tax Benefit Part B

If you are a member of a couple, you may be eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part B if you have care of a dependent child younger than 13 years of age.

If you are a single parent or carer, grandparent or great-grandparent carer, you may be eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part B if you care for a child who is:

- younger than 16 years of age, or
- a full-time secondary student or exempt from the study requirements, up until the end of the calendar year in which they turn 18 years of age, and
- not receiving an income support payment in their own right.

In most cases home schooling for children 16 to 19 years of age does not meet study requirements for Family Tax Benefit.

Immunisation requirements

If your child does not meet the immunisation requirements, we may reduce your rate of Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Go to servicessaustralia.gov.au/immunisation for more information.

If you are receiving Family Tax Benefit Part A and an income support payment

If your child is turning 4, they may need to have a health check. If they do not, your Family Tax Benefit Part A rate may reduce. You need to tell us your child has had a health check before the child's 5th birthday. If you do not tell us, or if your child does not have a health check, your Family Tax Benefit Part A payment rate may reduce.

The reduced rate will start on their 5th birthday and continue for up to 26 fortnights. This is based on how long you got Family Tax Benefit Part A, and you or your partner got an income support payment.

Residence requirements

To be eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part A and Part B, you must meet residence requirements.

You must be living in Australia and either:

- have Australian citizenship
- hold a permanent visa
- hold a Special Category Visa, or
- hold a certain temporary visa type, for example a Partner Provisional or Temporary Protection visa.

Your child must also meet the residence requirements or be living with you and you must continue to meet the residence requirements for as long as you get this payment.

If your permanent visa is granted on or after 1 January 2019, you must be living and physically residing in Australia for a period or periods that total at least 1 year before you can get Family Tax Benefit Part A.

You may not have to serve a Newly Arrived Resident's Waiting Period if one of the following applies, you:

- are an Australian citizen
- arrived on a New Zealand passport (i.e, held or hold a Special Category Visa)
- are a refugee or former refugee
- hold or previously held a specific visa subclass

- are the partner of a refugee, former refugee or humanitarian migrant, and were the partner of that person at the time they arrived in Australia
- are in receipt of a social security benefit, social security pension, Parental Leave Pay, Dad and Partner Pay or Farm Household Allowance
- were granted a visa allowing eligibility for Family Tax Benefit before 1 January 2019.

If you are eligible for Family Tax Benefit Part B, you can get this while you are serving the Newly Arrived Resident's Waiting Period for Family Tax Benefit Part A.

Child support and Family Tax Benefit

If you are claiming Family Tax Benefit for a child from a previous relationship, you must take reasonable action to get child support in order to receive more than the base rate of Family Tax Benefit Part A.

If you are not able to apply for child support, you should let us know. In some cases you may need to speak to a social worker.

If you get Family Tax Benefit and you or your partner get or pay child support, we will consider your child support when we calculate your Family Tax Benefit payment. If you share the care of your child, we will work out your percentage of care and use this to calculate how much Family Tax Benefit and child support you are eligible for.

Claiming

You can choose to get Family Tax Benefit fortnightly, or as an annual lump sum. The easiest way to claim is online.

To make a claim online you need a myGov account and a Centrelink online account. Your myGov account must be linked to Centrelink.

If you do not have a myGov account, go to **my.gov.au** to create one.

Annual lump sum claims must be submitted within 12 months of the end of the financial year.

If you choose to get Family Tax Benefit fortnightly, you need to estimate your family income at the start of each financial year. You can update this estimate any time during the year using your Centrelink online account through myGov.

You also need to:

- make sure you and your partner lodge tax returns within 12 months of the end of the financial year. The Australian Taxation Office will then confirm the income for you and your partner, or
- tell us if you are not required to lodge a tax return within 12 months of the end of the financial year.

Balancing your Family Tax Benefit

When you get Family Tax Benefit fortnightly, we ask you to estimate your family income for each financial year, which begins on 1 July, so we can work out how much Family Tax Benefit to pay you over the financial year.

After the end of each financial year, which finishes on 30 June, we balance your payment. This means we compare the amount of Family Tax Benefit we paid you based on your estimate, against how much you should have received based on your actual family income for that financial year.

If the amount of Family Tax Benefit you got is not the same as the amount you should have received, we will let you know.

If you overestimated your income, you may have received less Family Tax Benefit than you were eligible for. If this happens, you may receive a top-up payment. If you underestimated your income, you may have been paid too much and may need to pay it back.

We will check your eligibility for Family Tax Benefit Part A and Family Tax Benefit Part B supplements during the balancing process. If you are eligible, we will pay it to you automatically.

For more information

- Go to servicessaustralia.gov.au/ftb for more information in English
- Go to servicessaustralia.gov.au/yourlanguage where you can read, listen to or watch information in your language
- Call **131 202** to speak with us in your language about Centrelink payments and services
- Call **132 011** for Medicare and **131 272** for Child Support. Let us know if you need an interpreter, and we will arrange one for free
- Visit a service centre.

Note: calls from your home phone to '13' numbers from anywhere in Australia are charged at a fixed rate. That rate may vary from the price of a local call and may also vary between telephone service providers. Calls to '1800' numbers from your home phone are free. Calls from public and mobile phones may be timed and charged at a higher rate.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this publication is intended only as a guide to payments and services. It's your responsibility to decide if you wish to apply for a payment and to make an application with regard to your particular circumstances.